Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: GAM MULTISTOCK - SWISS EQUITY **Legal entity identifier:** 5493007IGLESQODLTN80

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustai	nable investment objective?
• • Yes	● ○ 🗶 No
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 0% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments

environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an

economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852,

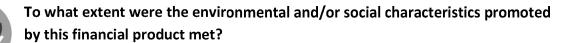
establishing a list of environmentally sustainable

economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable

economic activities.

investments with an

Sustainable



The Fund promoted the following environmental and social characteristics:

- Exclusion of companies involved in specific activities considered to cause negative environmental and/or social impact, as described in the Sustainability Exclusion Criteria detailed in the Fund Prospectus (the "Prospectus").,
- 2) Assessed adherence to generally accepted international norms and standards set by the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC),

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

- Consideration of Principal Adverse Impacts ("PAIs") on sustainability factors as detailed in Table 1 of Annex I of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/ 1288 (the "SFDR Delegated Act"),
- 4) Investments in companies assessed to follow good governance practices, and
- 5) Engagement with investee companies on environmental, social and governance issues as described in the Prospectus.

The environmental and social characteristics were promoted in line with the binding elements of the investment strategy of the Fund, as outlined in the Prospectus. There were no breaches of the exclusion criteria.

No reference benchmark was designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The following sustainability indicators are used to measure the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

1) Indicators relating to Sustainability Exclusion Criteria

Involvement in the following activities, beyond the revenue threshold specified, result in the investment being ineligible (other than where outlined in the GAM Sustainability Exclusions Policy). No exceptions were made during the reporting period.

Sustainability Indicator	Units	Data source	Date ¹	Data coverage ²	Data estimated ³	Output ⁴
Involvement in controversial	% of Fund	MSCI	30 June 2023	99.93%	0%	0%
weapons: share o						
investments in	ì					
investee companie:	i					
involved in the	<u> </u>					
manufacture o	•					
selling o	:					
controversial						
weapons.						

¹ Data snapshot taken at the Fund's year end. Sustainalytics and MSCI data as at 24th July 2023.

² Calculated as the proportion of investments (by NAV) for which data is available. The calculation does not include non-equity assets defined under "#2 Other" in the Prospectus. Where there is less than 100% coverage, this would be due to the third party provider not covering the issuer. We engage with service providers and companies directly with the objective of increasing data coverage and disclosure.

³ Calculated as the proportion of investments (by NAV) for which data is estimated. The calculation does not include non-equity assets defined under "#2 Other" in the Prospectus.

⁴ Calculated as the proportion of investment (by NAV). The calculation does not include non-equity assets defined under "#2 Other" in the Prospectus.

Appendix III - Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) (unaudited)

Involvement in weapons manufacturing or weapons component manufacturing: share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture of military weapons systems, and/or tailor-made components of these weapons systems, and/or tailor-made products or services that support military weapons systems (above 10% revenue threshold).	% of Fund	Sustainalytics	30 June 2023	100%	0%	0%
Involvement in assault weapons for civilian customers: share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture and sale of assault weapons to civilian customers (above 10% revenue threshold).	% of Fund	Sustainalytics	30 June 2023	100%	0%	0%
Involvement in tobacco manufacturing: share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture of tobacco products (above 5% revenue threshold).	% of Fund	Sustainalytics	30 June 2023	100%	0%	0%
Involvement in tobacco retail and distribution: share of investments in investee companies involved in the distribution and/or	% of Fund	Sustainalytics	30 June 2023	100%	0%	0%

Appendix III - Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) (unaudited)

retail sale of tobacco products (above 25% revenue threshold).						
Involvement in oil sands extraction: share of investments in companies involved in oil sands extraction (above 25% revenue threshold).	% of Fund	Sustainalytics	30 June 2023	100%	0%	0%
Involvement in thermal coal: share of investments in companies involved in mining thermal coal or from generating electricity from thermal coal (above 25% revenue threshold).	% of Fund	Sustainalytics	30 June 2023	100%	0%	0%

2) Indicators relating to international norms and standards

Investee companies are expected to adhere to minimum international norms and standards as defined by the UN Global Compact (as defined in the Prospectus). Investee companies assessed as having seriously breached the UN Global Compact are excluded, unless the issuer is considered to have taken substantial and adequate steps to have addressed the allegations.

No exceptions were made during the reporting period.

Sustainability Indicator	Units	Data source	Date	Data coverage	Data estimated	Output⁵
Violations of UN Global Compact principles (also related to Principal Adverse Impacts): share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles.	% of Fund	MSCI	30 June 2023	99.93%	0%	0%

 $^{^{5}}$ Calculated as the proportion of investment (by NAV). The calculation does not include non-equity assets defined under "#2 Other" in the Prospectus. We use MSCI data to determine adherence to the UN Global Compact. For this data point, we are specifically looking at whether a company is deemed to 'Fail' adhering to the underlying principles.

3) Indicators relating to Principal Adverse Impacts

The Investment Manager applied an internal framework to consider and, where considered appropriate, take action to mitigate principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors.

Sustainability Indicator	Units	Data source	Date	Data coverage	Data estimated	Output ⁶
Scope 1 & Scope 2 Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions: Absolute greenhouse gas emissions associated with a portfolio, expressed in tons CO2 equivalent	tons CO2 equiv alent	MSCI	30 June 2023	99.93%	0%	19,479.9
Investments in companies active in fossil fuel sector: share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector.	% of Fund	MSCI	30 June 2023	99.93%	0%	0%
Gender diversity on the Board (also related to good governance): percentage of board members who are female. For companies with a two-tier board, the calculation is based on members of the Supervisory Board only.	Weig hted avera ge %	MSCI	30 June 2023	99.93%	0%	33.73%

 $^{^6}$ Calculated as the proportion of investment (by NAV). The calculation does not include non-equity assets defined under "#2 Other" in the Prospectus. The was calculated using MSCI's 'SFDR Point-in-Time PASI Statement'.

4) Indicators relating to good governance

The investment strategy incorporates a principles-based approach when assessing good governance. The assessment informs investment decisions and is used by the Investment Manager to satisfy itself that good governance practices are in place when selecting investments for the Fund. In addition, the assessment is conducted on an ongoing basis to inform voting decisions and engagement activity.

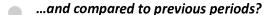
Board Weig MSCI 30 June 99.93% 0% 82.41% independence: the hted 2023 percentage of avera board members ge % that meet GAM's criteria for independent management, as measured by a third-party data provider. For companies with a two-tier board, the calculation is based on members of the Supervisory Board only.	Sustainability Indicator	Units	Data source	Date	Data coverage	Data estimated	Output ⁷
	independence: the percentage of board members that meet GAM's criteria for independent management, as measured by a third-party data provider. For companies with a two-tier board, the calculation is based on members of the Supervisory Board	hted avera	MSCI		99.93%	0%	82.41%

⁷ Calculated as the proportion of investment (by NAV). The calculation does not include non-equity assets defined under "#2 Other" in the Prospectus.

5) Indicators relating to engagement activities

The investment strategy includes engagement activities with investee companies on environmental, social and governance issues as part of interactions with management, including engagements following sustainability controversies, PAI review and/or thematic engagement.

Sustainability Indicator	Units	Data source	Date	Data coverage	Data estimated	Output ⁸
Engagement activity: Number of	Number of engagements	Internal Log	1 July 2022 – 30 June 2023	100%	0%	18
ESG-related	ciigageiiieiits	LUg	JO JUITE 2023			
engagement						
activities the						
Investment						
Manager was						
involved in as part						
of regular						
interactions with						
management, such						
as engagements						
following						
sustainability						
controversies and						
thematic						
engagement relating to the						
Fund*.						
Tuliu .						



Not applicable.

⁸This output is the total number of companies that the Investment Team engaged with that were held in the portfolio as at 30th June 2023. The Investment Team may have engaged with companies i) on more than one occasion, ii) for pre-investment due diligence, iii) throughout the reporting period which were sold prior to the 30th June 2023 and therefore will not be reflected here. There could also be cases when companies within the portfolio were engaged with by other investments teams that are part of GAM Holding AG where there is a cross-holding, these are also not reflected in this output.

^{*}GAM's definition of engagement can be found in our Engagement Policy on our website.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.

— Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

In accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus, the Fund considered principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors, as detailed in Table 1 and selected indicators from Tables 2 and/or 3 of Annex I of the SFDR Delegated Act, in a qualitative and/or quantitative way dependent on the relevance of the specific indicator and the quality and availability of data.

The actions taken in relation to the PAI indicators considered are summarised in the table below:

Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies

priniples and OECD Guidelines

for Multinational Enterprises

cluster

weapons

weapons)

12. Unadjusted gender pay gap13. Board gender diversity14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines,

munitions,

and

chemical

biological

Adverse sustainability indicator **Fund consideration** 1. GHG emissions A range of indicators in relation to company Greenhouse gas 2. Carbon footprint GHG emissions and carbon emission reduction emissions 3. GHG Intensity of investee initiatives (including Scope 1 & Scope 2 GHG companies emissions among others) were reviewed as part of the investment process, and were primarily 4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector addressed in a qualitative way, for example 5. Share of non-renewable through engagement with selected investee companies on reduction targets and initiatives energy consumption production or voting on resolutions to support greater 6. Energy consumption intensity transparency on climate-related risks. per high impact climate sector Investeee companies assessed to derive over 25% of revenue from thermal coal mining or electricity generation from thermal coal were excluded from the Fund. **Biodiversity** 7. Activities negatively affecting Indicators in relation to an investee company's biodiversity-sensitive areas impact on biodiversity, including deforestation, Water 8. Emissions to water water and waste, were reviewed as part of the Waste Hazardous waste and investment process and were primarily radioactive waste ratio addressed in a qualitative way, for example through engagement with selected companies. Social 10. Violations of UNGC principles A range of PAI indicators were reviewed as part employee and OECD Guidelines for of the investment process. Investee companies matters **Multinational Enterprises** assessed as severely violating UN Global 11. Lack of processes and Compact principles or assessed as having compliance mechanisms exposure to controversial weapons to monitor compliance with UNGC excluded from the Fund. Board gender diversity

was considered primarily within engagement

and voting decisions.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023

Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Novartis AG	Health Care	9.19	Switzerland
Nestle SA	Consumer Staples	7.27	Switzerland
Roche Holding AG Genussscheine	Health Care	6.54	Switzerland
Cie Financiere Richemont SA	Consumer	4.65	Switzerland
Sika AG	Materials	4.50	Switzerland
Holcim AG	Materials	4.35	Switzerland
Straumann Holding AG	Health Care	3.73	Switzerland
VAT Group AG	Industrials	3.65	Switzerland
UBS Group AG	Financials	3.54	Switzerland
Ypsomed Holding AG	Health Care	3.32	Switzerland

The table above provides a snapshot of the largest investments as at 30 June 2023. This snapshot is reflective of the general portfolio composition throughout the reporting period.

The Global Industry Classification Standard is used to determine economic sectors.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

To comply with the

EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional** activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have

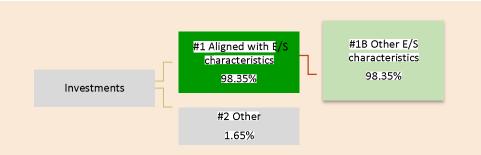
greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to

the best performance.

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

All assets excluding cash/cash equivalent instruments and/or certain derivatives are aligned with environmental/social characteristics of the Fund. As at 30 June 2023 (snapshot at year-end), 98.35% of the Fund attained the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund, while 1.65% was in assets categorised as #2 Other in accordance with the Prospectus. Further details in relation to such assets is set out in the section entitled "What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?" below.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

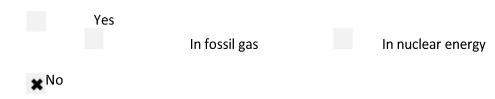
Sector	% Assets
Health Care	33.37%
Industrials	17.67%
Information Technology	12.79%
Financials	12.09%
Consumer Staples	10.13%
Materials	8.85%
Consumer Discretionary	4.73%
Other	0.37%



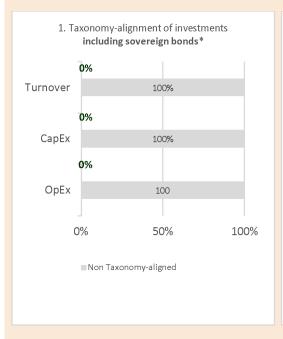
To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

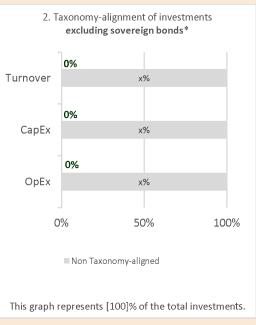
Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and / or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy⁹?



The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

Taxonomy-aligned activities are

expressed as a share

turnover

reflecting the

activities of

expenditure (CapEx) showing

investments made by investee

companies, , e.g. relevant for a

transition to a green economy.

- operational

the green

investee companies. capital

share of revenue from green

expenditure
(OpEx) reflecting
the green
operational
activities of
investee
companies.

⁹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable. The financial product promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments with an environmental objective that align with the EU Taxonomy.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Other" invvestments of the Fund included [cash / cash equivalents and / or certain derivatives] for liquidity and efficient management of the Fund. An assessment of minimum environmental and social safeguards is deemed not to be relevant for cash and cash equivalents by nature of the asset class, nor derivatives where full look through is not possible.





What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

1. Actions relating to Sustainability Exclusion Criteria

The Sustainability Exclusion Criteria were assessed, on a best-efforts basis, as part of investment controlling, using Sust ainalytics. There were no breaches of the Sustainability Exclusion Criteria during the reporting period

2. Actions relating to international norms and standards

UN Global Compact compliance was assessed, on a best-efforts basis, as part of investment controlling. The Investment Manager used third-party data providers' frameworks and data to categorise serious breaches, which were intended to identify credible allegations of a violation of global norms, supplemented by internal research where third-party data coverage was unavailable. There were no breaches of the UN Global Compact compliance during the period.

3. Actions relating to Principal Adverse Impacts on sustainability factors

The Fund considered principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors, as detailed in Table 1 and selected indicators from Tables 2 and/or 3 of Annex I of the SFDR Delegated Act, in a qualitative and/or quantitative way dependent on the relevance of the specific indicator and the quality and availability of data.

Greenhouse gas emissions and involvement in fossil fuel sector – a range of indicators in relation to company GHG emissions and carbon emission reduction initiatives (including Scope 1 & Scope 2 GHG emissions among others) were reviewed as part of the investment process, and were primarily addressed in a qualitative way, for example through engagement with selected companies on reduction targets and initiatives or voting on resolutions to support greater transparency on climate-related risks. Companies assessed to derive over 25% of revenue from thermal coal mining or electricity generation from thermal coal were excluded from the Fund.

Biodiversity, water & waste – indicators in relation to a company's impact on biodiversity, including deforestation, water and waste, were reviewed as part of the investment process and were primarily addressed in a qualitative way, for example through engagement with selected companies

Social and employee matters – a range of PAI indicators were reviewed as part of the investment process. Companies assessed as severely violating UN Global Compact principles or assessed as having exposure to controversial weapons are excluded from the Fund. Board gender diversity was considered primarily within engagement and voting decisions.

4. Actions relating to good governance

The investment Manager incorporated a principles-based approach when assessing good governance. The assessment informed investment decisions and was used by the Investment Manager to satisfy itself that good governance practices were in place when selecting investments for the Fund. In addition, the assessment was conducted on an ongoing basis to inform voting decisions and engagement activity. This included consideration of board structure and independence, alignment of remuneration, transparency of ownership and control, audit and accounting. Good governance was assessed in a qualitative and/or quantitative way dependent on the relevance of the specific indicator. This included:

Appendix III - Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) (unaudited)

- Sound management structures including Board independence, Board diversity and audit committee independence
- Employee relations in particular any serious breaches of UN Global Compact principles are excluded
- Remuneration of staff
- Tax compliance in particular any companies flagged for significant tax violations

In addition, good governance was supported by ensuring companies adhere to minimum standards as defined by the ten principles of the United Nations Global Compact, which cover anti-corruption (Principle 10) and labour rights (Principles 3-6) and well as environmental governance (Principles 7-9).

5. Actions relating to engagement

Engagement was made on behalf of the Fund with investee companies on environmental, social and governance issues in line with their investment and due diligence process. Throughout the 12 month period, from 01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023, the investment team engaged with 18 companies relating to ESG and sustainability concerns or opportunities.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

The sub-fund was actively managed without a benchmark index being designated in order to meet the promoted environmental or social characteristics.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.